Numb. 4716

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday July 11. to Thursday July 13. 1710.

Algier, May 23. *N. S.*

ON the 11th of March laſt the Dey of this Kingdom was Shot in the Council-Houſe, after he had reigned three Years and four Months. The Conſpirators, were only five Turks who had either been baniſhed, or fled from hence, and entered this City armed the ſame Morning. One of theſe Men was immediately choſen by the Divan into the Place of the Murdered, and his Aſſociates advanced to the moſt conſiderable Poſts. The new Government was in great Confuſion, whilſt the late Dey's Son-in-Law remained with a ſmall Army in the Field; but upon his March to force this Place to his Obedience, he was aſſaſſinated by his Followers in ſight of Algier, after their moſt ſolemn Engagements to aſſiſt him. He reſolutely defended himſelf for ſome time, and killed ſeven Men on the Spot; but at length was oppreſſed and ſlain by the Multitude. He was a great Lover of the Britiſh Nation, and had a particular Eſteem for the Conſul, and as great an Averſion to the French.

Moſcow, May 25. *O. S.* On the 7th Inſtant Feldt-Marſhal Goltz ſet out from hence for Petersburg; and the ſame Day a Courier from the Czar's Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople paſſed through this City, with Diſpatches for his Czariſh Majeſty. This Courier was but twenty eight Days on his Journey; he reports, that in his way thro' Bender he ſaw the King of Sweden on Horſeback, and there was no certainty when his Majeſty would leave that Place. The laſt Letters from Petersburg are of the 29th of April O. S. which import, that on the 25th his Majeſty embarked on Board his Fleet, in order to Sail for Wyburg; on the 29th he was followed by Count Golloffkin the firſt Miniſter, and Monſieur Schaphiroff, who expected to join him at Cronſhleſs, where it was then ſuppoſed his Majeſty was detained 'till the Shoars ſhould be cleared from the floating Ice. The two Regiments of Guards, Preobareſſensky and Simonowsky, were alſo embarked, in order to be employed in that Siege. Our laſt Advices from Riga ſay, that the Muſcovites continued to bombard the Town with very good Succeſs; and it was preſumed that the Enemy would be obliged to ſurrender that Fortreſs in June for want of Proviſions. In the mean time ſix thouſand new Levies are to march from hence to reinforce the Army before that Place, under the Command of Marſhal Scheremetoff. On the 19th Inſtant Monſieur Keyſerling, the Pruſſian Envoy, began his Journey towards Wybourg, in order to attend the Ruſſian Court.

Venice, June 27. *N. S.* They write from Naples, that General Vaubonne was at laſt marched to join his Regiment to that of Thaun, and proceed towards Piedmont. The Regiment of Curaſſiers of Caraffa was come to Naples. Two ſmall Britiſh Privateers were likewiſe arrived there with ſeveral Prizes. The Pope returned on the ſixteenth Inſtant from Caſtel-Gondolfo to Rome in perfect Health; and immediately took off the Taxes upon the Wines that are made near the City, which were firſt impoſed on the Occaſion of the late Differences with the Imperialiſts. On the Thurſday following his Holineſs performed the functions of the Feſtival of that day. The Cardinal Paulucci is made Great Penitentiary, in the room of Cardinal Coloredo lately Deceaſed; and the Cardinal Marefcotti is choſen Arch-Prieſt of St. Peter's Church. The Pope had Advice from Barcelona, that King Charles had refuſed to receive the Abbot Lucini for Internuncio, becauſe his Majeſty having ſent to Rome a Perſon of the firſt Rank, he expected a Man of Conſideration ſhould be ſent to him, with the Character of Nuncio; and the Abbot Mellini was already talked of, among many others that aſpire to this Dignity. The Conſul for the Duke of Anjou being lately Dead here, Antonio Teglia, a Florentine, is named to ſucceed him; and this Morning the new Miniſter preſented his Commiſſion to the College.

Copenhagen, July 8. *N. S.* This Day the King returned from Fredericksburg, having reviewed all his Troops, and commanded them to be ready to March to the Place he ſhall aſſign for the General Rendezvous, before the 20th Inſtant. On the third a Frigat came in from the Eaſt-Sea, with Advice, that the Daniſh Fleet, under the Command of Admiral Guldenleu, lay cruiſing on the Coaſt of Bornholm, to which Place we have lately ſent a Reinforcement of ſeveral Men of War, Fireſhips, Bomb-Veſſels and Tenders, ſo that the whole conſiſts of twenty nine Ships of the Line of Battel, fourteen Frigats, beſides Storeſhips, and other Veſſels of burthen. We have no certain Intelligence of the Swediſh Fleet; but it is ſuppoſed to be ſtill in Harbour at Carlſcroon or Carlshaven, ſince it hath not yet appeared at Sea. The Fleet that is bound for Iceland is not yet ſailed, for want of a ſufficient Convoy. The Merchant-ſhips upon which the Embargo was laid, are getting ready for the Tranſportation of the Auxiliary Troops from Muſcovy. The Envoy from his Daniſh Majeſty to the Czar of Muſcovy, hath writ to this Court, that the Siege of Wyburg was ſo far advanced, that within few Days they expected the Surrender of that Town to the Muſcovites. Count Vrydack, who hath the Character of Chamberlain to the Emperor, is arrived here, in order to be ſent to the Imperial Court with the Character of his Majeſty's Envoy. Count Spaneck, who commanded a Daniſh Regiment in Flanders, is removed to the head of a Regiment in Schonen, whoſe Colonel was killed in the Battel near Helſinburg; and ſome other Daniſh Officers are come with him from Flanders, to ſerve in the reſpective Poſts that are aſſigned them here by this Court. Colonel Juel is made a Brigadier, and is ordered to return from the Low Countries, and enter upon the Service in the War againſt Sweden. An Eaſt-India Ship belonging to this Nation, called Frederick the fourth, is arrived on the Coaſt of Norway, having on Board Mr. Pitts, an Engliſh Gentleman, returning from his Government of Fort St. George, who embarked on this Veſſel at the Cape of Good Hope.

Falmouth, July 8. Yeſterday put in here the Buſſingburg Privateer of Fluſhing from cruiſing, and brought in as Prize the St. John Brigantine of and for Rochel from St. Domingo, laden with Sugar. This Day ſailed the Neptune and Griffin Privateers of Fluſhing to cruize. At the ſame time ſailed the Mercury Packet-boat, Captain Green Commander, with one Mail for Lisbon, and a great many Recruits. We hear from Mountsbay, that on the 6th Inſtant ſix of our Men of War that cruize on this Coaſt, went in queſt of ſix French Men of War and two Privateers.

Plimouth, July 9. Yeſterday ſailed her Majeſty's Ships the Alborough for Scilly, and the Romney and Experiment with thirty five Merchant ſhips to the Eaſtward. This Morning came in the York, Fowey and Cruiſer, and brought in the General Rhenſcheild, laden with Deals and Iron, bound for Lisbon, and the Hope with Iron and Cables for Cadiz, both of Stockholm, from Amſterdam, on Suſpicion. This Day ſailed the Seahorſe and Delight to cruize.

Cowes, July 10. This Day the Fleet from Plimouth paſſed up the Channel. On Saturday laſt his Grace the Duke of Bolton, Governor of this Iſland, landed here.

Dartmouth,